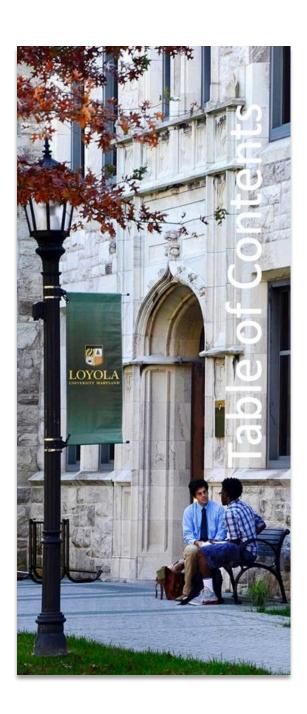
LOYOLA UNIVERSITY MARYLAND



2023 Annual Security & Fire Safety Report

 1852		

Loyola University Maryland was founded in Baltimore, Maryland, by the Society of Jesus as the first institution of higher learning in the United States to bear St. Ignatius of Loyola's name.



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Loyola University Maryland

Loyola University Maryland, a Jesuit Catholic university anchored in Baltimore, is Maryland's second largest private college. Loyola enrolls over 5,200 students, offers more than 40 undergraduate majors and 45 graduate programs, and has 18 Division 1 athletic teams. More than 30% of undergraduates identify as students of color, 31% are from Maryland, and 98% receive financial aid. Loyola inspires students to learn, lead, and serve in a diverse and changing world, graduating educated, fulfilled, ethical leaders who are driven to better the world around them with their talents and compassion.

Loyola's safety and security program comprises dedicated professionals and state-of-the-art technology to support its mission. This report provides an overview of the program in compliance with The Clery Act. Campus partners contributed to the contents of this report and its successful completion.

The Clery Act

The Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990 was signed into law by former President George W. Bush on November 8, 1990. The Act is known as the Clery Act in memory of Jeanne Clery. According to Clery Center (2023), "The Clery Act requires colleges and universities to report campus crime data, support victims of violence, and publicly outline the policies and procedures they have put into place to improve campus safety." Loyola complies with the Clery Act by:

- Publishing the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report by October 1 each year and making it available online using this link to the <u>Clery section of the</u> <u>Department of Public Safety</u> website.
- Submitting three calendar years of crime and fire statistics to the <u>Department of Education for</u> <u>publication in the national</u> <u>database searchable using this</u> link.



- Maintaining detailed crime and fire logs.
- Sending timely warnings or emergency notifications to the campus community.
- Having policies and procedures that provide supportive measures to victims of violence.

Most years, by October 1, email notifications and a *Loyola Today* notice announce where to view or receive this completed report.

Annual Security and Fire Safety Report

The Annual Security and Fire Safety Report (ASFSR) contains policies for the Evergreen Campus, the Graduate Centers at Columbia and Timonium, the International House in Leuven, Belgium, and the Loyola Clinical Centers at Belvedere Square. The ASFSR includes statistics for the previous three calendar years, including reported crimes on campus, in certain off-campus buildings and properties owned or controlled by Loyola University, and on public property within or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus. This report also includes institutional policies and procedures concerning campus security, sexual assault, the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), and fire safety. All policy statements apply to all campuses.



Crime Log

The crime log details crimes reported to the Department of Public Safety. Crimes are listed chronologically, with the most recent occurrences at the top of the list for each month. During regular business hours, hard copies of the crime log are available at 5104 York Road, room 103 or the Facilities building, room 200.

The crime log includes specific information, like classification, case number, date and time it occurred, when reported, the location of the incident, and disposition. An institution may withhold any of the specific fields of entry if any of the following conditions apply:

- If the disclosure is prohibited by law.
- If disclosure would jeopardize the confidentiality of the victim.
- If disclosure would jeopardize an ongoing criminal investigation or the safety of an individual.
- If disclosure would cause a suspect to flee or evade detection.
- If disclosure would result in the destruction of evidence.

Fire Log

The fire log identifies fires that occurred in residence halls on our campuses. The EHS office maintains the log, includes data on the entire calendar year, and gets updated monthly or as actual fires occur. The fire log is available in paper form upon request, Monday through Friday from 7:30 a.m. until 4:00 p.m. EST,

excluding holidays or when the campus is closed, by contacting Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) located at 5104 York Road, Suite 200J at 410-617-2972 or by email at ehs@loyola.edu.

Timely Warnings & Emergency Notifications

Loyola's Crisis Communications Plan (CCP) explains the process for issuing timely warnings. The CCP was collaboratively developed by campus partners and maintained by the Office of Marketing and Communications (MarComm). Timely warnings are sent to alert the campus community for confirmed Clery crimes that have occurred within our Clery boundaries and are imminent or ongoing threats. Therefore, a Clery crime has occurred and is still a serious threat because it has not been contained or controlled, so we must inform the campus community.

For example, if an armed robbery occurs near campus but the suspect is immediately arrested, an alert does not have to be sent because there is no ongoing threat. However, if the suspect flees onto campus and is not apprehended, an alert is sent because the suspect poses a threat to the campus community.

Also, timely warnings usually contain more preventative information than an emergency notification. Emergency notifications are a broader category than those used for timely warnings since they can be sent for non-Clery crimes and other types of incidents that pose an imminent or ongoing threat, like

hazardous materials releases or tornado alerts.

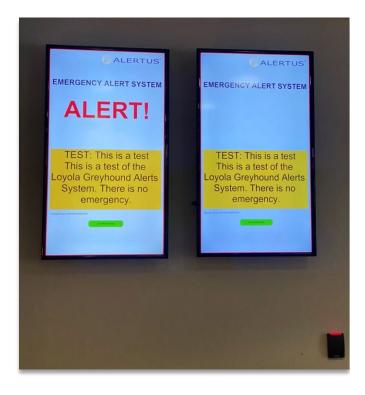
Timely warnings and emergency notifications for the Loyola International Nachbahr Huis (Loyola House) in Leuven, Belgium, are sent by on-site administrators via email to ensure the alert is timely.



Greyhound Alerts)))

Greyhound Alerts is Loyola's emergency notification system used to send timely warnings and emergency notifications to the campus community. Greyhound Alerts uses Everbridge and Alertus systems to send text messages, emails, and computer-based notifications to mobile devices and to activate Loyolaowned computers and digital signboards.

The Greyhound Alert System is an optout system that updates daily with student and employee contact information. Campus community members can update their Greyhound Alert accounts through the "Inside Loyola" portal. Students can add parent or guardian contact information through their account portals so they can also receive alert information. The Greyhound Alert System is tested monthly during the first week of each month.



Emergency Management Program

Loyola's emergency management program is guided by the National Incident Management System (NIMS) and National Response Framework (NRF). The program adopts common terminology and practices used nationwide. When components of the university respond to an emergency, the response is guided by these operating procedures.

The guidance from those federal guidelines enables Loyola to work together effectively and efficiently internally and with external organizations to prevent, prepare for, respond to, and recover from incidents regardless of cause, size, or complexity.

Some of the components of NIMS include the Incident Command System (ICS), which is used for tactical operations at the operational level to guide frontline responses to incidents of all types. ICS is a tool for command, control, and coordination of efforts to stabilize an incident.

An Emergency Operations Center (EOC) is established at the coordination level to coordinate resources in support of short-and long-term operations. Emergency Support Functions (ESFs) with specific responsibilities are established to organize capabilities to coordinate internal response and recovery efforts. Functions assigned to EOC/ESF personnel and groups parallel their normal daily functions as closely as possible to reduce activation and staging times during an emergency.

The tiered incident management framework allows for flexibility that can quickly escalate and deescalate depending on the scale and scope of an incident.

The plan focuses actions on each phase of an incident's life cycle with the following priorities:

- Protection of life
- Stabilization of the incident
- Protection of university property and the environment
- Restoration of critical services, education, and research programs

Enterprise Risk Management Matrix

The university has developed the Enterprise Risk Management Matrix as a risk assessment tool to identify hazards, impacts, and probability of occurrence. The matrix is a living document updated as needed by the Enterprise Risk Management Group and serves as a driver for the emergency management program since the identified risks determine areas of focus for planning purposes.

Emergency Operations Plan

The Emergency Operations Plan (EOP) formalizes the emergency management program and authorizes the Emergency Management Planning Team to assess and improve the program across the university continually. The EOP is meant to be a living document that provides for evolving strategies with each update. Leadership exercises and drills are conducted at regular intervals to test the EOP.

Private Sector Integration Program

Loyola integrates a whole community philosophical approach to emergency management, so we network with our public and private sector partners and continue to leverage our position as the leading liberal arts institution anchored in Baltimore to explore and develop new partnerships.

Loyola is a longstanding Maryland Department of Emergency Management (MDEM) Private Sector Integration Program (PSIP) member. MDEM developed PSIP to incorporate the private sector into the emergency management framework to increase information sharing between the private and public sectors and provide support during emergencies. The PSIP includes a Business Operations Center within the State Emergency Operations Center to facilitate communication, situational awareness, and information sharing.



Behavioral Intervention Team

Loyola is committed to maintaining a campus and workplace environment that is safe and secure for all students, staff, faculty, and visitors. As part of this commitment, Loyola has established a Behavioral Intervention Team (BIT), which is authorized to engage in behavioral threat assessment on behalf of the University. The BIT is authorized to assess threatening behavior or other troubling behavior and, in cooperation with other university teams or offices as appropriate, implement an appropriate

response to reduce risk in situations where someone's behavior raises concern that they may present a threat to the safety of others or self and others. Industry-leading experts train BIT members in the field of threat assessments.



Care Team

The Care Team is comprised of a small group of professionals in roles that allow for a multidisciplinary approach to assist students of concern by offering intervention, which includes resources and support when a student is facing financial, academic, health, and wellbeing or social-educational matters interfering with one's ability to thrive inside and outside of the classroom.

Counseling Center

The Counseling Center offers a range of in-person and telehealth services to meet the mental health needs of Loyola students. Our services are available to both undergraduate and graduate students.

Students in crisis or with an urgent need for assistance can be connected to emergency services on campus for intervention and support. Students experiencing an emergency do not need an appointment to access emergency services and should come into or call the Counseling Center (Humanities 150; 410-617-2273) for urgent support Monday-Friday 8:30 a.m. - 5 p.m. EST.

The Counseling Center offers a range of emergency services to meet the scope of urgent needs experienced by students. Emergency sessions aim to assess safety, provide support, explore options, and prepare a plan for moving forward. Students may also access the 24/7 Crisis Line by calling 410-617-5530.

Students experiencing a mental health crisis can contact an after-hours counselor by calling 410-617-5530 or seek assistance from Residence Life & Housing or Campus Police by calling 410-617-5911. Emergency services may also be reached by calling 911 or going to your nearest emergency room. You always get a live counselor every single time after hours at 410-617-5530.

The Counseling Center also provides the campus community with Critical Incident Response Services during a community-wide crisis as part of ESF-5 in the Emergency Operations Plan. For information on support following a community-wide crisis, view Critical Incident Response Services.

Other emergency options include: *Emergency Support Hotlines*

- <u>Grassroots Suicide Hotline</u>: 410-531-6677
- Baltimore Crisis Response Suicide Hotline: 410-752-2272
- First Call for Help Hotline (English & Spanish): 1-800-492-0618
- Suicide and Crisis Lifeline: 988
- Crisis Text Line: Text START to 741-741
- Transgender Support Line: 877-565-8860
- <u>International Help Center with</u> Suicide Hotlines by Country

Local Emergency Support Providers

- Mercy Hospital (sexual assault): 410-332-9494
- Union Memorial Hospital: 410-554-2106
- GBMC Hospital: (sexual assault) 410-902-4614 (emergency department) 443-849-2000
- Sinai Hospital: 410-601-8800
- University of Maryland St.
 Joseph Medical Center: 410-337-1000
- Crisis Resources by State
- Sheppard Pratt Crisis Walk-in Clinic (offering in-person & virtual psychiatric triage services): 410-938-5302

Local Substance Abuse Resources

- Baltimore-area Alcoholics
 Anonymous Meetings and
 Resources
- Baltimore-area Narcotics

 <u>Anonymous Meetings and</u>

 <u>Resources</u>

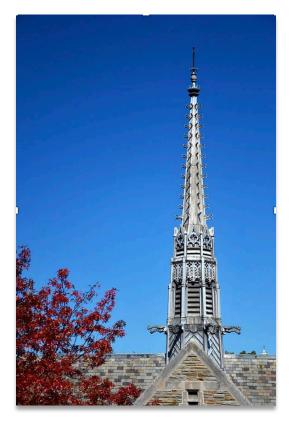
Department of Public Safety



The Department of Public Safety (DPS) comprises sworn and civilian employees who work 24 hours a day, seven days a week, to protect and serve the Loyola community. Civilian employees include dispatchers who work in the state-of-theart Communications Center and lock and key staff who manage locksmithing across the university. Sworn police officers have full police authority on all university property and work in close partnership with the Baltimore City Police Department (BPD) to serve our community. Loyola police officers are unarmed but carry medical supplies and non-lethal protective equipment for everyone's safety. Medical supplies include Narcan (Naloxone HCL) kits for treating opioid overdose.

The BPD officers employed on a parttime basis work mainly as additional resources for security. DPS manages a network of over 900 security cameras, alarm systems, emergency blue light phones, and access control systems that are always active for the safety and security of the community.

If a student is alleged to have violated Loyola's rules, regulations, or the *Student Community Standards Handbook*, DPS will refer the student to the judicial process conducted by the Student Development Division.



DPS Sexual Assault Response Policy

Loyola has a Memorandum of

Understanding (MOU) with Baltimore City and Baltimore County Police Departments to coordinate efforts during sexual assault investigations. DPS also has a sexual assault response policy to provide DPS personnel with guidelines for responding to the various forms of sexual assault, including firstand second-degree rape and first, second, third- and fourth-degree sex offenses, as well as responding to dating violence, domestic violence, stalking, sexual harassment, and sexual exploitation. The policy is intended to work in unison with the Baltimore County Police Department MOU, Baltimore Police Policy 708, Sexual Assault/Sexual Violence, Dating/Domestic Violence, Stalking, and Sexual Harassment Responses in Residence Life and Housing, and the Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct Policy and Procedures of the university.

Department of Public Safety
5104 York Road
Baltimore, MD, 2212
Emergency: 410-67-5911
Non-Emergency: 410-617-5010
More information about DPS can be found using this <u>link to the DPS website</u>.

LiveSafe Mobile Security App

LiveSafe is an app that gives students, staff, and faculty on campus an effective way to communicate with the DPS. With LiveSafe, you can use your smartphone as a personal security device to provide DPS with accurate information about yourself and your GPS location. Your location and information are only shared with DPS when using the app's emergency options button or report tips button. With emergency options, your location is actively monitored until you tap "stop sharing location." With report tips, a one-time location ping is attached to any tip you submit, but your location will not be monitored. SafeWalk allows you to share your location with friends and family. SafeWalk is by invitation

only and can be shared for as long or as short a time as you choose. You can download LiveSafe from your app store.

Emergency Blue Light Phones

Over 70 emergency blue light phones are placed across campus, providing a direct line to the DPS Communications Center. All blue light phones are tested every semester to ensure reliable operation.



Local Police Agencies

The DPS has established working relationships with local police, including but not limited to:

- Alleghany County Sheriff's Department
- Baltimore City Police Department
- Baltimore County Police Department
- Cumberland Police Department

• Howard County Police Department

Loyola has an agreement with the Baltimore City Police Department to hire Baltimore City Police Officers to provide additional coverage in and around campus. BPD officers are also scheduled for large campus events and help patrol areas close to campus where DPS does not have jurisdiction. BPD officers retain all their powers and responsibilities while in this capacity but work directly for the Director of Public Safety while working for Loyola University.

DPS receives reports from local police departments concerning serious incidents occurring on campus or in the campuses' immediate neighborhoods and business areas. University officials will adjudicate local police agency information regarding Loyola studentrelated incidents at off-campus locations. Loyola University does not currently recognize any non-campus student organizations. However, many students live in the neighborhoods surrounding Loyola. While BPD has primary jurisdiction in these areas, DPS can and does respond administratively to studentrelated incidents that occur near campus. If a Loyola student is involved in a criminal incident, DPS officers will assist with the investigation in cooperation with local police departments.

BPD responds to any 911 emergency call for service made from the Evergreen and Belvedere campuses. All 911 emergency calls for service made from

the Graduate Center campuses are forwarded to the appropriate county:
Baltimore County Police for the
Timonium Graduate Center and Howard
County Police for the Columbia
Campus.

If a Loyola student studying abroad at Katholieke Universiteit in Leuven, Belgium, is involved in an incident, Leuven police have jurisdiction and respond to emergency calls made to 112.



Firearms and Weapons Policy

Loyola's Firearms and Weapons Policy prohibits unconcealed and concealed firearms and weapons on all Loyola Campuses to ensure a safe and secure environment, and applies to students, employees including faculty, administrators, staff, and student workers (employees), independent contractors, volunteers, and visitors to any Loyola Campus.

Violations may result in disciplinary action, up to and including expulsion for students pursuant to Loyola's

Community Standards, termination in the case of employees, and removal/exclusion from Loyola Campuses in the case of independent contractors, volunteers, and visitors. Any firearm or weapon carried onto Loyola Campus in violation of this policy will be confiscated at the owner's expense. Violators of this Policy may also be subject to arrest and criminal prosecution depending on the circumstances of the offense. The full text of the policy is available on the DPS website.

Alcohol and Drug Policies

Loyola University Maryland is committed to promoting its campus community's health and safety through a program of alcohol education and the implementation of relevant policies. The University enforces all Maryland laws regarding the possession, use, and sale of alcoholic beverages, including those prohibiting the consumption of alcoholic beverages by persons under 21 on campus and at university-sponsored activities.

Drug and alcohol policies for faculty, staff, and administrators are in the Drug and Alcohol Policies, Health Information, Services and Benefits document issued annually to all faculty, staff, and administrators. The University will impose disciplinary sanctions for violating the institution's alcohol and drug policies.

Loyola University Maryland fully supports and requires compliance with federal and state laws regarding illegal drugs and paraphernalia. The term "drug" also includes any other substance used to change a mood or alter reality and is not used according to a medical prescription and "look-alike" substances.



Violations of the drug policy, including but not limited to the use, sale, possession, and distribution of any controlled substance; the manufacture, sale, distribution, possession, or use of any controlled substance on the property of the University and non-University property, used in the performance of university-related activities, is prohibited. Possession of drug paraphernalia may subject a student to sanctions that include suspension or expulsion from the University.

The University's drug and alcohol policy is in a document entitled Loyola University Alcohol and Drug Program: Standards and Sanctions, Health, Information and Services. The

University's official written Drug and Alcohol Policy is also contained in the Student Community Standards Handbook and issued annually to all students.

Loyola University complies with the *Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act Amendments of 1989* (Public Law 101-229) signed into law by President George Bush on December 12, 1989. The University abides by all Federal, State, and local laws relating to alcohol and drugs. For more information, <u>visit</u> the Office of Student Conduct.

Loyola also works closely with the Maryland Collaborative to Reduce College Drinking and Related Problems and the Combating Underage Drinking (CUD) Coalition. As alcohol and drug problems impact college campuses nationwide, Loyola University Maryland is fully dedicated to understanding our student population's specific areas of concern. To better understand our students' alcohol behaviors and related consequences, Loyola has maintained its participation in the Maryland Collaborative to Reduce College Drinking and Related Problems. The Maryland Collaborative was established in 2012 and focuses on evidence-based strategies to reduce college student drinking and related problems. The Behavioral Health Administration of the Maryland Department of Health funds the Maryland College Alcohol Survey (MD-CAS). Loyola is one of 15 colleges across the state whose presidents have agreed to join the initiative and work together to address underage and excessive drinking.

Data from the 2018 survey reveals significant areas of concern among Loyola's sophomore and junior classes (currently, juniors and seniors). These areas of concern are as follows:



- High-risk drinking is binge drinking 1 to 4 times during the past month.
- Very high-risk drinking is binge drinking 5 or more times during the past month.
- Binge drinking is 5 or more drinks per occasion for males and 4 or more drinks per occasion for females and transgender students.
- Pre-gaming is drinking alcohol in your or someone else's residence before attending a social or other event.
- False identification.

The Office of Student Support and Wellness Promotion facilitates student retention within the Jesuit tradition of *cura personalis*. They are committed to supporting students who face personal and substance use-related challenges by providing opportunities for spiritual, emotional, physical, educational,

professional, and social growth. We help students leverage available resources and stay focused on their success by initiating and sustaining collaborative relationships with our community partners.

Office of Student Support and Wellness Promotion Seton Court 02B Monday-Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. EST

Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct Policy

The Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct Policy prohibits sexual harassment, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and sexual assault of students, employees, or program participants of Loyola University Maryland by anyone on university property or at university-sponsored activities and as otherwise included within the scope of the policy. The policy applies to situations in which the person accused of a violation, "respondent," is a student, employee, or program participant at Loyola University Maryland. The policy also applies to conduct prohibited by Title IX and conduct which, although not falling under Title IX, violates the University's own conduct policies.

Reports of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking should be reported to DPS or the Title IX Coordinator. Reports can also be made to local law enforcement authorities. DPS is available to assist complainants in making reports to local law enforcement

authorities. Complainants can decline to notify local law enforcement authorities.

When a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking is reported to the University, the Sexual Misconduct Process will be followed for students, and the Procedures for Resolution for Complaints will be followed for employees under the Harassment and Discrimination Policy for Faculty, Staff, and Administrators. These procedures and processes can be found online at Title IX policies and reports.

Notice of Rights and Options for Sexual Misconduct Incidents

Privacy and Discretion

Privacy and discretion will be exercised in every incident. If a complainant requests confidentiality and does not want to disclose their identity to the respondent, the University may not be able to pursue charges of sexual misconduct unless the complainant is willing to be identified in a formal complaint. However, the University may pursue other steps by evaluating other factors, such as the responsibility to provide a safe and non-discriminatory environment for all community members when determining the next steps. Each party may disclose information to persons who need to know it to participate in or administer the process and provide support and assistance. Parents or guardians of students will not be contacted by the University except at their request or in the case of a health and safety emergency. University

officials are required to document the reports of sexual misconduct for general Clery Act statistics. No personally identifiable information about the complainant will be shared in that report. If the University is required to notify the community of the incident, including recording the assault in the campus crime log, no identifying information will be included to the extent permissible by law.



Supportive Measures

Supportive measures are available for complainants, respondents, and other parties regardless of whether the victim files a formal complaint or reports the crime to local law enforcement.

Supportive measures are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge and can include actions deemed necessary to protect the well-being of the individuals involved in cases of sexual misconduct, as well as the educational environment of the University

community. These supportive measures may include but are not limited to:



- No contact orders.
- Changes to class schedules,
- Assistance with rescheduling an academic assignment (paper, exam, etc.)/ tutoring support.
- Restricting access to certain campus buildings, changes to work schedules/ situations, changes to work locations, leaves of absence,
- Relocating residence hall assignments
- Transportation assistance and escorts to and from campus locations,
- Increased security and monitoring of certain areas and other measures for safety as necessary.

- Visa and immigration assistance
- Counseling

Additionally, the University may act to remove a respondent entirely or partially from its education program or activities on an emergency basis.

Reporting Options

Reports involving sexual harassment, sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and other related misconduct can be made to a Title IX Coordinator, Deputy, or Intake Officer who will meet with the complainant and other reporting parties to review their rights, resources, and reporting options both on and off campus, including offering supportive measures, regardless of whether a formal complaint is filed. A list of the Coordinators, Deputies, and Intake Officers and their contact information is located toward the end of this document.

All reports involving sexual harassment, sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and other related misconduct made to mandated reporters such as members of DPS and Residence Life and Housing staff will automatically be referred to the appropriate Title IX Coordinator, and a complainant may pursue a formal complaint through the student conduct process for student respondents and the disciplinary procedures for employee respondents. This referral to the appropriate Title IX Coordinator or designee is made even if the complainant chooses not to pursue on-campus grievance proceedings.

If a student experiences a sexual assault, they can contact DPS and ask for an officer to respond or ask to be connected to the Residence Life and Housing Assistant Director who is "on call" if the incident involves a student. A Residence Life and Housing representative and Melissa Lees, Sexual Violence Prevention, Education and Response Coordinator, or a member of the Counseling Center, will respond and speak with the student and other third parties.

Further, complainants may file a complaint with local law enforcement for criminal prosecution. They can enact both processes, as they are different and can proceed at the same time. They can proceed with one process and not the other. They can decline to engage in either process. In certain situations, DPS may need to inform and notify the community with a timely warning. Examples of timely warnings can be accessed by contacting the Title IX coordinator. These notices will not include personally identifying information.

Students may request that directory information on file be removed from public sources by request, in writing, and on an annual basis, to the Records Office, Loyola University Maryland, 4501 N. Charles Street, Baltimore, MD 21210. Reports may also be submitted through the online sexual misconduct reporting system. Reports that are submitted online will not be considered

formal complaints under the Title IX Grievance Process.



To encourage reporting, a student who reports sexual misconduct, either as a complainant or a third-party witness, will not be subject to disciplinary action by the University for their involvement with alcohol or drugs at or near the time of the incident unless the involvement was reasonably likely to place the health or safety of another individual at risk. However, the University may initiate an educational discussion or pursue other educational remedies regarding alcohol or drugs.

Title IX prohibits retaliation, and University officials will take steps to prevent retaliation and take strong responsive action if retaliation occurs. If retaliation occurs, contact the appropriate Title IX Coordinator immediately.

Confidential

Confidential resources are available for support on and off campus. Reports made to a licensed counselor, health care provider, or designated confidential advocate are confidential and will not be reported for investigation without the complainant's permission unless an imminent threat exists.

On-Campus

- The Counseling Center is in the Humanities Building room 150 is available for all students and can be reached at 410-617-CARE (2273). You can also access REACT on-line at this <u>link</u>.
- The Student Health Center is in Seton Court 02A and can be reached at 410-617-5055.
- Women's Center located in Seton 4504A. Melissa Lees, Sexual Violence Prevention, Education, and Response Coordinator can be reached at 410-617-6769.
- Employees may call the Employee Assistance Program 24 hours a day at 1-800-765-0770.

Off-Campus

• Turnaround Inc. 24/7 Hotline, Emergency Shelter Call 443-279-0379 for 24/7 hotline.

- Turnaround Inc. Offers individual and group advice for victims of domestic violence, sexual assault, and abuse. Services also include emergency and transitional housing for victims with children, pets, legal services and referrals, intervention programs for abusers.
- House of Ruth 24/7 hotline,
 Emergency Shelter Call 410-889-7884 for 24/7 Hotline.
 - The House of Ruth provides safety planning, basic needs assistance, resources referral, and legal advice for those experiencing intimate partner violence.
- bMORESAFE Mercy Medical Center is the designated treatment center sexual assault and domestic violence in Baltimore City. Can be reached at 410-332-9000 www.bmoresafemercy.org
- SAFE Program at GBMC 24/7 Hotline, 24/7 free confidential inperson services call 443-849-3323 or the emergency department at 443-849-2225 and ask for a safe nurse.
- Hopeworks at 410-997-2272 located in the Howard County area. www.hopeworksofhc.org
- Maryland Coalition Against Sexual Assault (MCASA), 301-565-2277, www.mcasa.org.
- National confidential resources (available 24/7) include, but are not limited to:

RAINN (Rape, Abuse & Incest National Network) National Sexual Assault Hotline at 1-800-656-HOPE (4673) and an online chat with a trained staff member.

National Domestic Violence Hotline at 1800-799- 7233 or text LOVEIS to 22522 TTY at 1-800-787-3224 with an online chat option.

Non-Confidential

Non-confidential resources can provide students or employees with support and discuss options. They have the responsibility to report incidents of sexual assault and other types of sexual misconduct. Investigations and further proceedings will not be conducted without the complainant's permission unless an imminent threat exists.

On-Campus

- Title IX Coordinator
 David Tiscione-Director of Title
 IX, Compliance, and Assessment

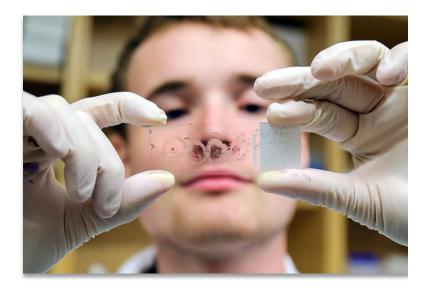
 410-617-5171
 dmtiscione@loyola.edu
- Title IX Intake Officer for Students Neil Andrito, Director of Residence Life and Housing 410-617-2488 nfandrito@loyola.edu
- Title IX Intake Officer for Students Stepf Diaz, Associate Director of Residence Life and Housing 410-617-5081 sdiaz@loyola.edu

- Title IX Intake Officer for Students
 Brittany Richmond-Davis,
 Assistant Director of Student Engagement
 410-617-2586
 brichmond@loyola.edu
- Title IX Intake Officer for Students
 Teddi Burns
 Associate Athletic Director
 410-617-2643
 tburns@loyola.edu
- Title IX Deputy for Faculty, Staff, and Administrators Monica Wojtanowski Director Employee Relations and Organizational Development 410-617-1350 mawojtanowski@loyolal.edu
- Title IX Intake Officer for Faculty, Staff, and Administrators Toya Dailey-Smith, Senior HR Partner 410-617-1360 tdailey-smith@loyola.edu
- Title IX Intake Officer for Faculty, Staff, and Administrators Bonnie Wrzosek, HR Partner 410-617-1367 bwrzosek@loyola.edu

Medical recommendations and preservation of evidence

The complainant is strongly encouraged to seek medical assistance in cases of sexual assault or misconduct. According to Maryland regulations, Sexual Assault Forensic Examinations (SAFE) are free

of charge within 15 days of the alleged offense.



The complainant should have an exam within 120 hours of the incident, as evidence can only be collected through a SAFE during this time. DPS can provide transportation to Mercy Hospital located at 300 St. Paul Street, Baltimore, Maryland, in the Emergency Department at 410-332-9477, which is designated as the city's sexual assault and domestic violence treatment center. Mercy has trained nurses who perform the SAFE program and will provide victim services, including treatment of injuries and steps to address concerns about pregnancy or sexually transmitted diseases. An on-call University staff member may also accompany and assist a student at the hospital.

 It is recommended that the complainant not take a shower or wash or discard clothing they wore during wearing the assault.
 All clothing (including underwear) should be put into a

- paper bag and brought to the hospital.
- harassment, sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and other forms of sexual misconduct are encouraged to preserve evidence by saving text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, pictures, and other communications such as phone logs or other copies of documents that would be useful to investigators, decision-makers, or law enforcement.
- If criminal charges will be filed, a Sexual Assault Forensic Examination (SAFE) is recommended and must be collected within 120 hours of the incident in order for it to be admissible in court. The SAFE program is used to evaluate the incident and medically collect evidence from the body. If the incident occurred on campus, then the Baltimore Police Crime Scene Unit may secure the site and collect evidence from student rooms, common areas, and other areas that may produce evidence from the incident. Evidence collection is very important when pursuing criminal charges.
- A complainant does not have to decide whether to file criminal charges before obtaining a forensic exam. The exam is free,

and the evidence will be kept in a secured locker indefinitely. No statute of limitations on filing a criminal complaint in Baltimore City exists. If they wish to remain anonymous, they can have the exam listed.

• While the SAFE program is unavailable at the Student Health Center, students may schedule appointments for health-related concerns by calling 410-617-5055 and meeting with a healthcare provider in the office. The office is in Seton Court 02A, and all appointments are private and confidential.

Resolution Options

The University is committed to providing a prompt, fair, equitable, and impartial investigation and grievance process from the formal complaint to the final outcome. If a formal complaint is filed, the parties to a complaint have the right to present documents, names of witnesses, and other evidence to the investigator(s). Investigations and grievance proceedings are conducted by investigators and decision-makers trained annually and do not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against the parties involved in the incident. The preponderance of the evidence or "more likely than not" standard is used in the grievance proceedings. All parties will be treated with dignity, respect, and sensitivity by officials of the University. A respondent will be presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct until a determination regarding responsibility

is made after the applicable grievance process.

A respondent is entitled to supportive measures outlined above to preserve access to the University's education program, activity, or work environment. A respondent is also entitled to advisors of choice to support and accompany them through any meeting or hearing (see section on "Advisors of Choice" below).



On-Campus

Violations of the sexual and genderbased misconduct policy are serious, and the range of status sanctions includes the following for student cases: residence hall probation, disciplinary probation, deferred suspension from the residence halls, deferred suspension from the University, suspension from the University, and Expulsion. The range of additional sanctions includes the following: Alcohol and drug screening/education/treatment, athletics department notification, civility hours, continuation/modification of supportive measures, core advisor notification, educational project, fine, loss of room selection privileges, mentoring with an administrator, parental/guardian notification, periodic drug testing, postponement of activity participation and conferring of honors and degrees, reflection with Campus Ministry or a Jesuit, relocation to another residence, restitution, restorative practices referral, restricted access or privileges, restricted contact, senior week restrictions, social restrictions, student development assessment and evaluation, and written reprimand.

The complainant and respondent will receive weekly updates from the appropriate Title IX coordinator until the case has been fully resolved. Further, the complainant and respondent will concurrently be informed in writing of the outcome of the investigation, will be provided an opportunity to respond, in writing, to the Investigation Report, and will be notified in a timely manner of the date, time, and location of the hearing before hearing panel members or decisionmakers who are trained and free of bias, along with the documents obtained during the investigation. After the hearing, both parties will be concurrently advised of the following result of a formal complaint:



- Identification of the allegations allegedly constituting sexual harassment; a description of the procedural steps taken from receiving the formal complaint through the determination, including any notifications to the parties, interviews with parties and witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and hearings held.
- Findings of fact supporting the determination.
- Conclusions regarding the application of the University's conduct code to the facts.
- A statement of and rationale for the result as to each allegation, including a determination regarding responsibility, any disciplinary sanctions imposed on the respondent, and whether remedies designed to restore or preserve equal access to the University's education program or activity will be provided by the University to the

complainant, and procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and respondent to appeal.

Upon written request, the University will disclose to the victim of a crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense the results of any disciplinary proceeding against a respondent of such crime or offense. If the victim is deceased because of such crime or offense, the next of kin of the victim shall be treated as the victim.

Student Formal Resolution

Once a formal complaint under the Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct Process is made to the appropriate Title IX Coordinator, a prompt, equitable, and impartial process from the investigation to the final outcome will be completed within a timely and transparent manner, provide timely notice of meetings, and equal access to information for both the complainant and respondent. Any delays in the process will be communicated to the parties in writing.

Student Informal Resolution

Once a formal complaint is filed, the matter may be resolved through an informal resolution process where trained staff provide remedies and interventions without proceeding to an investigation and adjudication. This process requires that all parties to the complaint agree to the use of informal resolution, and either party may decide not to proceed with or to end informal resolution in favor of formal resolution

at any time. Informal resolution will not be used for student complaints against employees. Reports of sexual assault may not be resolved through mediation or informal resolution.



Employee Formal Resolution

Once a formal complaint under the Sexual and Gender-Based Misconduct Process is made to the appropriate Title IX Coordinator, a prompt, equitable, and impartial process from the investigation to the outcome will be completed within a timely manner that is transparent, provides timely notice of meetings, and equal access to information for both the complainant and respondent. Any delays in the process will be communicated to the parties in writing.

Advisors of Choice for Complainants and Respondents

In matters involving sexual harassment, sexual assault, stalking, dating violence, and domestic violence, the complainant and respondent may each have no more than two people, defined as advisors, present throughout the entire on-campus

grievance process. The advisor may be a personal supporter of the student's choice, a licensed attorney, an advocate, or an advocate supervised by an attorney. Advisors may assist a party with understanding the investigation process and preparing for meetings and interviews, attending meetings and interviews with the party, reviewing any statements prepared by the party; and providing assistance and support to the party as they move through the grievance process. Advisors may not speak on behalf of the party at any meetings or interviews or through any written documents except for crossexamination during hearings that fall within the Title IX Grievance Process. Advisors should consult with the appropriate Title IX Coordinator regarding any questions that arise during the process. The Title IX Coordinator maintains a list of advisors specifically trained in the policy and student conduct process. Advisors can be recommended upon request. The Title IX Deputy Coordinator for Faculty, Staff, and Administrators maintains a list of advisors who have been trained in the policy and employee processes. Employees of the University who serve as adjudicators for a particular incident cannot serve as advisors to avoid a conflict of interest.

Students who are complainants or respondents may access attorneys paid for by the Maryland Higher Education Commission (MHEC) or agree to participate pro bono (without charge). Information for students regarding accessing counsel through MHEC can be

found on the MHEC website. Attorneys may not be available through MHEC for complaints involving allegations solely based on sexual or gender-based harassment. The attorneys paid for by MHEC are not available for representation in a criminal or civil matter. Students or employees may knowingly and voluntarily choose not to have legal counsel. While the University does not recommend specific attorneys, employees may contact the Maryland State Bar Association at 1-800-492-1964 or online at www.msba.org for referrals to attorneys who may serve as advisors for a fee.



External Complaints Off-Campus

Complainants have the right to file complaints of sex discrimination with an external governmental agency. This may happen before, after, or during an oncampus or off-campus grievance process.

Complaints may be filed with the Office of Civil Rights

U.S. Department of Education
The Wanamaker Building, Suite 515
100 Penn Square East
Philadelphia, PA 19107
1-800-421-3481
TDD #877-521-2172
OCR.Philadelphia@ed.gov.

The Maryland Judiciary provides information on how to file for a peace or protective order. Information about filing peace or protective orders can be found using this link. You may also contact Melissa Lees, Sexual Violence Prevention, Education and Response Coordinator, in the Women's Center at 410-617-6769 or DPS for assistance in securing protective or peace orders and to assist with developing a safety plan.

Information regarding legal assistance and attorneys who can help to secure a protective order or peace order may be obtained by contacting the Maryland Coalition Against Sexual Assault (MCASA)'s Sexual Assault Legal Institute (SALI) at 301-565-2277 or toll-free at 1-877-496-SALI (7254). This link will take you to the MCASA Sexual Assault Legal Institute's website for more information.

Parties may also wish to use the referral service of the Maryland State Bar Association at 1-800-492-1964 or online at www.msba.org, which can also provide referrals to attorneys for visa

and immigration services, among other areas. The State's Attorney's office can be reached at 443-984-6096 or 443-984-6094 and is responsible for prosecuting sex crimes on behalf of the State of Maryland.

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Maryland Sex Offender Registry

The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act (CSCPA) provides for the tracking of convicted sex offenders enrolled at or employed by institutions of higher education. The law requires state law enforcement agencies to make this list available. Use this link to review the Maryland Sex Offender Registry. The CSCPA further amends the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA) to clarify that nothing in the Act can prohibit an educational institution from disclosing information provided to the institution concerning registered sex offenders.

Missing Student Notification

Loyola takes the safety of its students very seriously. Any student who has been reported missing will be reported to DPS. DPS will immediately notify local law enforcement authorities. There is no mandatory waiting period for reporting to local police. Emergency contacts may be notified. A thorough investigation

will be conducted to include a residence hall room search, a review of security camera footage, the student's access ID card, class attendance, email, and social network sites, and discussions with friends and roommates. Parents or guardians will be notified when reliable information about their students is available.

If there is reason to believe a student may be missing, students, faculty, and employees should contact DPS. Students and employees can also report students who they believe are missing to the Division for Student Development at 410-617-2842 or Residence Life and Housing at 410-617-5081. All students are required to provide the University with updated permanent and local addresses and emergency contact information on a yearly basis or when changes occur. Student residents can register a confidential contact person they want to be notified in case they are determined to be missing. Students are advised about registering a contact person during the housing selection process.

All students attempting to register for on-campus housing will be notified annually of this policy as part of the housing selection process. They will have the option to provide or change their missing person contact information. All information concerning this subject will remain on file and be considered accurate until the student voluntarily provides different information. For students under 18 who are not emancipated, the notification will be

made to the student's custodial parent or guardian and any other designated contact person. This information will be maintained confidentially and will be accessible only to authorized campus officials and disclosed to law enforcement personnel in furtherance of a missing person investigation.

In cases where a student has not designated a contact, the student's emergency contacts will be used. The Division for Student Development will work with DPS and the missing student's family and friends to ensure all efforts are made to locate them and preserve their safety and well-being. The University will cooperate with all law enforcement agencies involved in a search for a missing student as prescribed by law. This policy will be administered in accordance with FERPA and the Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2008.

Reporting Incidents

Community members, students, faculty, staff, administrators, and University guests are encouraged to report all crimes, emergencies, and public safety-related incidents to DPS. Community members, students, faculty, staff, administrators, and University guests are encouraged to report gender-based violence to the University's Title IX coordinator as soon as possible. Incidents, suspicious activity, or any other police-related information can be reported to a campus police officer or by calling 410-617-5911.

The Department of Public Safety's policy is to respond to all requests for police services, write incident reports, and conduct follow-up investigations when necessary. DPS coordinates any incidents needing internal or external investigations with local police. All student-involved incident reports written by DPS are forwarded to the Division of Student Development for adjudication and to provide any services needed to support the student conduct process.



Timely crime reporting can be crucial for preventing or detecting criminal activity. The Loyola community is encouraged to report offenses promptly to DPS or local police when the victim of a crime elects to or cannot make such a report. Crimes should be reported to DPS in case timely warnings or emergency notifications are needed and for the collection of statistical data concerning criminal offenses to be included in this annual security report.



Campus Security Authorities

The Clery Act designates certain campus community members as Campus Security Authorities (CSAs). When CSAs become aware of a Clery crime on or around campus, they are required under federal law to report the information to DPS or Title IX so that individuals have access to necessary support and resources. Not all CSAs investigate crimes, but they are required to report information in an accurate and timely manner, as our institution has a responsibility to notify the campus community about crimes that pose a serious or ongoing threat that may require a timely warning sent to the community.

CSAs include but are not limited to:

- Civilian and sworn members of DPS.
- Part-time BPD officers hired by Loyola.
- Contracted security guards hired by Loyola.
- Any individual or organization specified in university policy as an individual to which students

- and employees should report criminal offenses.
- Any Loyola employee who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including, but not limited to, student housing, student discipline, and campus judicial proceedings.

All Loyola CSAs are notified of their CSA designation and provided annual training on required reporting procedures. Additionally, CSAs are contacted to provide a statement confirming instances of criminal reports that may have been provided to them.

Reporting Bias

Members of the Loyola community are responsible for actively fostering a sense of community and sending the message that mistreatment of others and insensitivity within our campus will not be tolerated. Anyone who feels biasrelated behaviors have harmed them, the target of bias, or witnessed bias-related behavior may report the incident online using this reporting link or contact the Division of Student Development.

Confidential Reporting

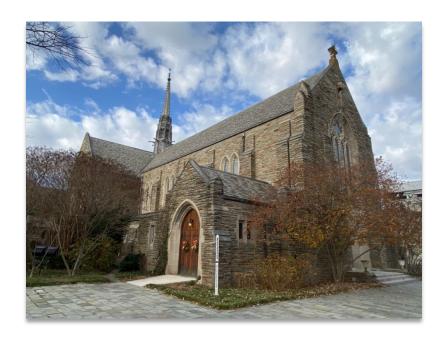
A confidential report aims to maintain confidentiality while taking steps to ensure yourself and others' future safety. With such information, the University can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, employees, and visitors; determine where there is a crime pattern concerning a particular location, method,

or assailant; and alert the campus community to potential dangers. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the crime statistics of the institution's annual security report. When reports involve allegations of sexual harassment (including sexual violence), they are made available to the University's Title IX Coordinator. You can call Loyola University DPS and ask that information remain confidential.

If you have been the victim of sexual misconduct but do not want to report the incident for investigation, you may seek a counselor or psychologist in the Counseling Center. Reports made to a licensed counselor or health care provider are confidential and will not be reported for investigation without your permission unless an imminent threat exists. University pastoral and professional counselors are encouraged to inform students seeking counseling who report being victims to report the incidents voluntarily. The incidents can be reported to DPS, local police, or Loyola's Title IX coordinator, either confidentially or anonymously, so they can be included in Loyola's crime statistics.

Confidential resources are available for support and advice on campus. Students may access the Student Wellness and Promotions Office at 410-617-2928, health services providers in the Student Health Center at 410-617-5055, clergy offering pastoral care at 410-617-5881, and the Sexual Violence Coordinator in the Women's Center at 410-617-5844. These resources are not required to report anything that can identify you.

Still, they must report the incident for statistical disclosure in our annual security report and keep personal identifying information confidential. Employees can call the Employee Assistance Program 24/7 at 1-800-765-0770. Additional resources for counseling and assistance, both on and off-campus, are listed in this document.



Anonymous Reporting

In certain instances, a victim of a crime may be reluctant to file a report, fearing the process and loss of anonymity. In such circumstances, crime victims are encouraged to consider making an anonymous report. Anonymous reporting is available 24/7 using the online anonymous intake form on the DPS website or the LiveSafe mobile app, which has an anonymous reporting feature.

Another anonymous reporting option for all Loyola community members is EthicsPoint. EthicsPoint is available

24/7 and can be accessed using this <u>link</u> that will take you to the Human Resources website.

Loyola community members are encouraged to report any behavior that violates the law or University policy.



Ongoing Risk Reduction Training

Risk reduction training to prevent and promote awareness of rape, acquaintance rape, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking is offered throughout the calendar year. Programs include statements that the University prohibits all forms of sexual misconduct, provides definitions of the various types of prohibited sexual misconduct as well as the definition and meaning of consent, safe and positive options for bystander intervention, and information on risk reduction to recognize warning signs of

abusive behavior and how to avoid potential violence.

Training also includes topics like workplace violence, personal safety, alcohol and drug abuse awareness, fire safety, and sexual assault prevention. As part of the security awareness programs, students and employees are encouraged to be responsible for themselves and the safety of others.

Bystander Intervention

Bystander intervention means safe and positive options that individuals may carry out to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Bystander intervention includes recognizing situations of potential harm, understanding institutional structures and cultural conditions that facilitate violence, overcoming barriers to intervening, identifying safe and effective intervention options, and taking action to intervene.

Loyola University Maryland strives to promote a culture of community accountability where bystanders are actively engaged in preventing violence without causing further harm. We may only sometimes know what to do, even if we want to help. Listed below are some ways to be an active bystander. If you or someone is in immediate danger, dial 911. This could be when a person is yelling at or being physically abusive towards another, and it is not safe for you to interrupt.

Bystanders play a critical role in the

prevention of sexual and relationship violence. Bystanders are "individuals who observe violence or witness the conditions that perpetuate violence. Bystanders are not directly involved but have the choice to intervene, speak up, or do something about it." Loyola University Maryland strives to promote a culture of community accountability where bystanders are actively engaged in preventing violence without causing further harm. We may not always know what to do, even if we want to help. Listed below are some ways to be an active bystander. If you or someone is in immediate danger, dial 911. This could be when a person is yelling at or being physically abusive towards another, and it is not safe for you to interrupt.



- Watch out for your friends and fellow students/employees. If you see someone who looks like they could be in trouble or need help, ask if they are okay.
- Confront people who seclude, hit on, and try to make out with or have sex with people who are incapacitated.
- Speak up when someone discusses plans to take sexual advantage of another person.
- Believe someone who discloses sexual assault, abusive behavior, or experience with stalking.
- Refer people to on or offcampus resources listed in this document for support in health, counseling, or legal assistance.
- Watch out for your friends and vice versa. If a friend seems out of it, is way too intoxicated for the amount of alcohol they have had, or is acting out of character, get them to a safe place immediately.
- If you suspect you or a friend has been drugged, contact local law enforcement immediately. Local authorities can be reached by calling 911 in most areas of the U.S. Be explicit with doctors so they can give you the correct tests (you will need a urine test and possibly others).

Risk Reduction Awareness

Risk reduction means options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction and to increase empowerment for victims to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence. With no intent to victim blame and recognizing that only abusers are responsible for their abuse, the following are some strategies to reduce one's risk of sexual assault or harassment taken from Rape, Abuse, & Incest National Network, www.rainn.org.

- Be aware of your surroundings. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you to find a way to get out of a bad situation.
- Try to avoid isolated areas. It is more difficult to get help if no one is around.
- Walk with purpose. Even if you don't know where you are going, act like you do.
- Avoid loading yourself with packages or bags as this can make you appear more vulnerable.
- Make sure your cell phone is with you and charged and that you have money for transportation. Parking and Transportation recommends establishing Lyft and Zipcar accounts. <u>Links to Lyft and</u> <u>Zipcar can be found using</u>

- this link to the Parking and Transportation website.
- Do not allow yourself to be isolated with someone you don't trust or someone you do not know.
- Avoid putting music headphones in both ears so that you can be more aware of your surroundings, especially if you are walking alone.
- When you go to a social gathering, go with a group. Arrive together, check in with each other throughout the evening, and leave together.
- Trust your instincts. If you feel unsafe in any situation, go with your gut. If you see something suspicious, contact law enforcement immediately.
- Do not leave your drink unattended while talking, dancing, using the restroom, or making a phone call. If you leave your drink alone, even briefly, replace it.
- Do not accept drinks from people you do not know or trust. If you accept a drink, go with the person to the bar to order it, watch it being poured, and carry it yourself.
 Do not drink from punch bowls or other large common containers at parties.
- If you need to get out of an uncomfortable or scary

- situation, here are some things that you can try:
- Remember that being in this situation is not your fault.
 You did not do anything wrong; it is the person who is making you uncomfortable that is to blame.
- Be true to yourself. Do not feel obligated to do anything you do not want to do. "I don't want to" is always a good enough reason. Do what feels right to you and what you are comfortable with.
- Have a code word with your friends or family so that if you do not feel comfortable, you can call them and communicate your discomfort without the person you are with knowing. Your friends and family can then come to get you or make up an excuse for you to leave.
- Lie. If you do not want to hurt the person's feelings, it is better to lie and make up a reason to leave than to stay and be uncomfortable, scared, or worse. Some excuses you could use are needing to take care of a friend or family member, not feeling well, having somewhere else you need to be, etc.
- Try to think of an escape route. How would you get out of a room? Where are the doors and windows? Are there people around who

- might be able to help you? Is there an emergency phone nearby?
- If you or the other person have been drinking, you can say that you would rather wait until you both have your full judgment before doing anything you may regret later.



The following is a list of some of the training programs and descriptions offered throughout the calendar year:

AlcoholEdu

Designed for first-year students, AlcoholEdu is an engaging, harmreduction program that applies the latest evidence-based prevention methods to inspire students to make healthy decisions about alcohol and other drugs.



Community and Safety at Loyola

Participants learn how the experience of being a student at Loyola extends beyond the residence halls and classrooms into the City of Baltimore. They learn about being a member of this shared community, the expectations placed on students, interactions with the local area, and more. Topics include safety tips, student conduct, and the BIG 3 (building evacuations, shelter-in-place, and active assailant survival).

Do Better

Participants learn about the Title IX coordinator the University's options and resources to address sexual and gender-based misconduct.

Diversity Inclusion and Training for College Students

This training module emphasizes the importance of creating and maintaining a community in which students feel safe, included, and prepared to learn in a diverse and changing world.

Harassment Prevention Training

This training includes in person quarterly conversations for faculty, staff and administrators about Loyola's Harassment and Discrimination Policy and Procedures.

Know More and Step Up! Building a Community of Consent and Support

This is part of a continuing conversation around building a community free of sexual misconduct. Training includes definitions of consent, sexual misconduct, resources, and processes for reporting and addressing incidents. Participants also learn how to play a role in building a strong community by intervening in situations where there is potential for harm.

Prescription Drug Abuse Prevention

As more students are coming to college each year with prescriptions for anxiety, depression, ADD/ADHD, and chronic pain, this course provides the appropriate information and tools to help students understand and prevent prescription drug abuse.

Preventing Discrimination and Sexual Violence

Participants learn about Title IX, VAWA, and Clery Act online in this program designed to provide a common understanding of terminology, examples of misconduct and how to recognize it, information on the laws and University policies, and resources for addressing gender-based misconduct. This training is required for all faculty, staff, and administrators. The training is also available to graduate students.

Red Flags

Participants learn how to identify dating violence, domestic violence, stalking, sexual assault, and sexual harassment. Participants review and practice the University response protocol for these incidents.

Sexual Assault Prevention for Undergraduate Students

This online training is required for all first-year students. This harm reduction and social responsibility program prepares incoming students for the challenges and responsibilities of college life. The issues of sexual violence and healthy relationships are connected, so this program examines these topics in social, cultural, and personal contexts that advocate self-reflection and the pursuit of social justice.

Step Up! Bystander Intervention

This training measurably reduces powerbased personal violence by teaching bystander intervention skills. Students are empowered to use these intervention strategies to help prevent sexual assaults, stalking, and partner violence. This training is held multiple times per semester.



Understanding Consent

This mandatory training for first-year students explores the definition of consent in the Sexual Misconduct Policy and how to engage in healthy relationships where mutual respect and communication are critical.

Title IX Responsible Employee Training

A "responsible employee" has the duty to report harassment or other types of misconduct, is someone a student could reasonably believe has this authority or responsibility to react to reported sexual harassment and misconduct, and could be any Loyola community member, including faculty, administrators, staff, RAs, coaches, and trainers. The University is obligated to ensure that responsible employees are trained to

understand their obligations to report sexual harassment/assault/or misconduct. Title IX Responsible Employee training is a one-hour online course that all Loyola community employees must take annually.



Violence in the Workplace

This program helps employees deal with the growing issue of workplace violence and creates a dialogue about the shared responsibility of maintaining a safe workplace.

Welcome Weekend Presentation Training

The training includes discussion about consent and on-campus resources for undergraduate students. Participants learn about consent and how to identify dating violence, domestic violence, stalking, sexual assault, and sexual harassment. Information includes strategies for bystander intervention, reporting options, and resources for victims of these behaviors.

Reportable Offense Definitions

Criminal Homicide

Murder and Non-Negligent
Manslaughter: the willful (nonnegligent) killing of one human being
by another.

Negligent Manslaughter: the killing of another person through gross negligence.

Sexual Assault

Rape: Is the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. This definition includes either gender of victim or offender.

This definition also includes instances in which the victim is incapable of giving consent because of temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (including due to the influence of drugs or alcohol) or because of age. Physical resistance is not required on the part of the victim to demonstrate lack of consent.

Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of her/his age or because her/his temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Incest: Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape: Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the

statutory age of consent. The statutory age of consent for Maryland is 16 years of age. Maryland also follows the age gap provision, which states that the gap in age between consenting participants is not more than four years.

Robbery

Taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault

An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied using a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon that could cause serious injury is used.

Burglary

The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.

Motor Vehicle Theft

The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Arson

The willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.

Weapons Law Violations

The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons.



Drug Law Violations

The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of certain controlled substances.

Liquor Law Violations

The violation of laws or ordinance prohibiting underage possession; furnishing liquor to minor or intemperate person; open containers; the manufacture, sale, transporting, possessing, or use of alcoholic beverages.

Hate/Bias-related Offenses

a. *Bias-Hate Crime*: a committed criminal offense that is motivated, in whole or in part, by

- the offender's bias(es) against a race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, nationality, gender or gender identity.
- b. Bias Defined: a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group based on their race, gender, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, nationality, or gender identity. We are also required to report statistics for bias-related (hate) crimes by the type of bias as defined below for the following classifications: murder/nonnegligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, sex offenses (forcible and nonforcible), robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, larceny-theft, destruction/damage/vandalism of property, intimidation, and simple assault (see definitions below).
- c. *Larceny*: the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.
- d. Simple Assault: an unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal

- injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.
- e. *Intimidation*: to unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.
- f. Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property: to willfully or maliciously destroy, injure, disfigure, or deface any public or private property, real or personal, without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law.

Dating Violence

Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Domestic Violence

A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed by:

- A current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim.
- A person with whom the victim shares a child in common.
- A person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner.
- A person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of Maryland or
- Any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Stalking

Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:

- Fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or
- Suffer substantial emotional distress.

Campus Geography and Statistics

Evergreen Campus - main campus: 4501 North Charles Street, Baltimore, MD

The Evergreen campus is well-lit and surrounded by residential and light commercial properties. The campus encompasses approximately one hundred seventy-nine acres of land and more than fifty buildings, ranging from small onestory cottages to two nine-story residential towers. The main campus

mainly houses undergraduate programs, but some students live in the surrounding neighborhoods and commute daily. A student health and counseling center provides students with medical and mental health support services.



The Evergreen Campus is open to visitors during regular business hours. Office suites and spaces within Cohn Hall, DeChairo College Center, Donnelly Science Center, Facilities, Jenkins Hall, Knott Hall, Maryland Hall, Sellinger School of Business, Beatty Hall, Fernandez Center, the Alumni Memorial Chapel, the Andrew White Student Center, and buildings along the York Road corridor are accessed using access cards or keys. Employees are encouraged to secure their office spaces and personal belongings within their work areas.

After regular business hours and during breaks, the administrative and academic facilities are locked and only accessible to authorized individuals. DPS personnel conduct routine security and safety patrols of the academic and administrative buildings to monitor

conditions and report any unusual circumstances.



Access to residence halls is restricted to residents, their approved guests, and authorized staff members of the Loyola community. Security safeguards within residence halls can include electronically restricted access, guest registration, closed-circuit camera coverage, residence hall desk attendants, individually keyed residences with deadbolts and external door prop alarm systems. Selected rooms in the residence halls are equipped with duress buttons that signal directly to DPS.

Each resident's access card allows entrance into approved residence halls. Additionally, students are provided with individual residence hall room keys, which give an added security layer. Evergreen cards and individual room keys may not be loaned to friends or roommates and are always expected to be kept in their possession. Guests of residents must always be accompanied by the residents they are visiting, and residents are responsible for their guests' behavior while on campus. Residents are cautioned against permitting strangers to enter buildings and are encouraged to contact DPS immediately regarding suspicious behavior or unauthorized individuals in residence halls.

All residence hall laundry rooms have emergency call phones that directly contact the Communications Center.

Loyola maintains campus facilities in a manner that minimizes unsafe conditions. Parking lots and pathways are illuminated with appropriate exterior lighting. DPS works closely with Facilities Management to promptly address burned-out lights and other physical conditions to enhance safety and security.

Requested or routine maintenance for employee or student residences is coordinated through Facilities Management.

Maintenance requests can be made online by accessing the Facilities website or calling 410-617-2200 during regular business hours. Emergency requests made after normal business hours will be forwarded to the Communications Center, who will contact the appropriate Facilities on-call personnel. Facilities will attempt to schedule a mutually agreeable time for the maintenance to be completed.

All maintenance is completed by either a university employee or an approved contractor. Facilities technicians wear attire identifying themselves as Lovola University Maryland staff members. All approved contractors have completed background checks through their companies. Procedures for gaining entrance into a campus staff residence will be facilitated through DPS, who, in turn, will dispatch personnel to unlock or disarm the residence and admit the individual(s) into the residence requesting/needing maintenance. DPS will then return after the work order has been completed to secure and rearm the residence.

DPS provides 24-hour security and first-response services for the Evergreen Campus and responds in an administrative capacity to student-related incidents that occur near campus.

Public streets associated with the Evergreen Campus:

- Cold Spring Lane
- 100 West to 200 East, Charles Street
- 4500 North to 4900 North and 3900 block, W 39th between Charles and Cloverhill Road, Millbrook Road
- 4600 block of Wyndhurst Avenue
- 100 block of Winston Avenue
- 200 to 300 block of Rossiter Avenue
- 300 block, Radnor Avenue
- 300 block, Notre Dame Lane

- 300 to 400 block, Crowson Avenue
- 5200 block of Underwood Road
- 4400 block of Kerneway
- 200 block of East Old Cold Spring Lane

Belvedere Square Clinical Centers: 5911 York Road, Baltimore



The Belvedere Square Clinical Centers provides administrative and classroom spaces for psychology, speech-language pathology, and audiology graduate programs. The Centers are only accessible to students and staff with an Evergreen ID card. Clients must be buzzed into the building by the clinic's receptionist.

Office suites, student work, and study areas within the building are secured by electronic access and conventional keys. Clinical hours vary, so it is best to contact the center for hours before visiting at 410-617-1200.

Loyola maintains the Belvedere Clinical Centers in a manner that minimizes

unsafe conditions. Parking lots and pathways are illuminated with appropriate lighting. DPS works closely with Event Services and onsite management to address physical conditions to enhance safety and security.

DPS patrols the building throughout day and has closed-circuit televisions and access control monitored by the Communications Center. DPS works with BPD and BC-FEMS to provide emergency services.

Public streets associated with the Belvedere Square Clinical Centers are York Road (5900 block) and Belvedere Avenue (500 block).

Ridley Athletic Complex: 2221 West Cold Spring Lane, Baltimore, MD



The Ridley Athletic Complex is 6000seat stadium 2 miles west of the Evergreen campus used for athletic events.



Columbia Graduate Center Campus¹: 8890 McGaw Road, Columbia

The Columbia Graduate Center provides administrative and classroom space for multiple graduate programs. Loyola occupies a portion of this three-story building.

The building is open to visitors during regular business hours. After-hours access is provided to approved students and staff via access cards: electronic access and conventional keys secure office suites, individual offices, and student work-study areas. Staff members are encouraged to secure their office spaces and personal belongings within their respective work areas. There are no

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¹ The Columbia Graduate Center is closed, so this is the last year statistics will be reported for the Columbia Campus.

residence halls at the Columbia Graduate Center.

Loyola maintains the campus in a manner that minimizes unsafe conditions. Parking lots and pathways are illuminated with appropriate lighting. DPS works closely with Event Services onsite management to address physical conditions to enhance safety and security.

Police services are provided by the Howard County Police Department, who are the first responders to 911 police calls for service. DPS monitors electronic card access and closed-circuit televisions in the Communications Center at the Evergreen Campus. DPS conducts follow-up investigations of reported incidents in cooperation with the Howard County Police Department.

The Columbia Campus's public streets are McGaw Road on the 8800 block and Dobbin Road on the 6600 block.



Timonium Graduate Center Campus: 2034 Greenspring Drive, Timonium



The Graduate Center at Timonium is a 65,000-square-foot academic center that provides administrative offices and classroom space for graduate programs. The Graduate Center is open to visitors during regular business hours. Afterhours access is provided to approved students and staff via access cards. Electronic access and conventional keys secure office suites, individual offices, and student work-study areas. Staff members are encouraged to secure their office spaces and personal belongings within their respective work areas.

The Graduate Center is equipped with security technology, including closed-circuit televisions, electronic access, and emergency blue light phones in the parking lots that DPS monitors.

The University maintains the Timonium Campus to minimize unsafe conditions. Parking lots and pathways are illuminated with appropriate lighting. DPS works closely with Event Services and Facilities staff to address physical conditions that enhance safety and security. The BCPD and BC-FEMS respond to emergency calls for service.

The public street associated with the Timonium Campus is the 2000 block of Greenspring Drive.

Loyola International House: Leuven Campus, Zwartzusterstraat, Leuven 3000



Loyola International Nachbahr Huis is a student residence located at the center of Leuven, Belgium, in a 17th-century convent. The Leuven Campus comprises two connected buildings that house the student living area, and the other includes our office spaces, laundry facility, and a student/RA apartment.

The dormitories have two entrances: the main entrance and a side entrance to the connected building. All buildings are accessed by electronic access cards using KU Leuven IDs. The corresponding department in KU Leuven's central administration facility maintains and monitors this electronic access system. The resident associate director controls granting or revoking access to student residents, office staff, and cleaning crew. The cleaning crew comprises three separate companies: a janitorial services company, a carpet/rug cleaning company, and a toilet sanitary disposal company. All three companies have electronic access cards to the facility. KU Leuven maintenance staff/technical services can gain access using their ID cards.

The Leuven police and EMS have jurisdiction for emergency services.

Additional Information

The following tables prove statistics for the 2022, 2021, and 2020 calendar years as reported to the U.S. Department of Education.

The <u>DPS</u> website provides maps with Loyola's Clery geography.

Additional information about areas nearby Loyola's campuses are available using these links to external police department crime statistics dashboards:

Baltimore City Police Department
Baltimore County Police Department
Howard County Police Department

Evergreen Campus Statistics¹

Year	r r r		Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities	
Murde	r/Non-Negligent	Manslaughter				
2022	0	0	0	0	0	
2021	0	0	0	0	0	
2020	0	0	0	0	0	
Mansla	ughter by Neglig	ence				
2022	0	0	0	0	0	
2021	0	0	0	0	0	
2020	0	0	0	0	0	
Rape						
2022	2	1	0	0	0	
2021	8	0	0	8	8	
2020	3	0	0	3	3	
Fondlin	ıg					
2022	0	0	0	0	0	
2021	3	0	0	3	3	
2020	1	0	0	1	0	
Incest						
2022	0	0	0	0	0	
2021	0	0	0	0	0	
2020	0	0	0	0	0	
Statuto	ry Rape					
2022	0	0	0	0	0	
2021	0	0	0	0	0	
2020	0	0	0	0	0	
Robber	y					
2022	0	0	4	4	0	
2021	0	0	0	0	0	
2020	0	0	1	1	0	
Aggrav	ated Assault					
2022	1	0	0	1	1	
2021	0	0	0	0	0	
2020	0	0	0	0	0	
Burglar	ŗy					
2022	0	1	0	1	1	
2021	1	0	0	1	0	
2020	1	0	0	1	1	
Motor '	Vehicle Theft					
2022	1	0	0	1	0	
2021	1	0	0	1	1	
2020	1	0	0	1	0	

Public property includes thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

There were no hate crimes reported in 2020, but four hates crimes were reported in 2021 relating to one incident of arson.

No unfounded crimes were reported in 2022, 2021, or 2020.

¹ Non-campus locations include properties that are owned, leased, or rented by the University that are not contiguous to the main campus. Non-campus locations include the Ridley Athletic Complex, Loyola Retreat Center, 5000 Charles Street, which is the parking lot at the Cathedral, and locations of short stay away trips and off campus class locations.

Evergreen Campus Statistics

Year	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	pus Non-Campus Public Property Total R	
Arson					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	1	0	0	1	1
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Domesti	c Violence				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	1	0	0	1	1
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Dating V	Violence				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	3	0	0	3	3
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	[
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	6	0	0	6	5
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor l	Law Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Drug La	w Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon	s Law Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor l	Law Violations A	Referrals for Disc	iplinary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	243	0	0	243	239
2020	93	0	0	93	92
	w Violations Re	ferrals for Discip	linary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	8	0	0	8	8
2020	7	0	0	7	7
	s Law Violation	s Referrals for Di	isciplinary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0

Belvedere Campus Statistics¹

Year	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilitie
Murder	/Non-Negligent l	Manslaughter			
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Manslau	ighter by Neglig	ence			
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Rape					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Fondlin	g				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Incest					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Statutor	y Rape				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	y				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Aggrava	nted Assault				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Burglar	y				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	ehicle Theft				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0

 $^{^{1}}$ There are no residential facilities at the Belvedere Campus. No hate or unfounded crimes were reported at the Belvedere Campus for 2022, 2021, or 2020.

Belvedere Campus Statistics

Year	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Arson					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Domesti	c Violence				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Dating V	iolence				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor 1	Law Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Drug La	w Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	s Law Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	Law Violations I	Referrals for Disc	iplinary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	w Violations Re	ferrals for Discip	linary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
		s Referrals for Di	sciplinary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0

Columbia Campus Statistics¹

Year	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilit
Murde	r/Non-Negligent	Manslaughter			
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	ughter by Neglig	ence	•		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	<u> </u>	-	•		·
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Fondlin	1g				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Incest					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Statuto	ry Rape				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Robber	y				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Aggrav	ated Assault				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Burgla	ry				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	Vehicle Theft				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0

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 $^{^{1}}$ There are no residential facilities or non-campus properties at the Columbia Campus. No hate or unfounded crimes were reported at the Columbia Campus for 2022, 2021, or 2020.

Columbia Campus Statistics

Year	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Arson					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Domesti	c Violence				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Dating V	/iolence				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor I	Law Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Drug La	w Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon	s Law Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	Law Violations I	Referrals for Disc	iplinary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	w Violations Re	ferrals for Discip	linary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	s Law Violation	s Referrals for Di	isciplinary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0

Timonium Campus Statistics¹

Year	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Murder	/Non-Negligent	Manslaughter			
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Manslau	ughter by Neglig	ence			
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Rape					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Fondlin	g				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Incest					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Statutor	y Rape				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	y				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Aggrava	ated Assault				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Burglar	y				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Motor V	ehicle Theft				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0

¹ There are no residential facilities or non-campus properties at the Timonium Graduate Center. No hate or unfounded crimes were reported at the Timonium Campus for 2022, 2021, or 2020.

Timonium Campus Statistics

Year	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Arson					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	c Violence				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Dating V	Violence				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor l	Law Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	w Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	s Law Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	Law Violations <i>I</i>	Referrals for Disc	riplinary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	w Violations Re	ferrals for Discip	linary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	s Law Violation	s Referrals for D	isciplinary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0

Leuven Campus Statistics¹

Year	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilitie
Murder	/Non-Negligent l	Manslaughter			
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	ighter by Neglig	ence			
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Rape					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	g				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Incest					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Statutor	v Rape				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	7				<u> </u>
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	ted Assault	-	•		•
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Burglar	v				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	1	0	0	1	1
	ehicle Theft	-	*		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ No hate or unfounded crimes were reported on the Leuven Campus for 2022, 2021, or 2020.

Leuven Campus Statistics

Year	On-Campus	Non-Campus	Public Property	Total	Residential Facilities
Arson					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Domesti	ic Violence				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Dating \	Violence				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking					
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor	Law Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	aw Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	s Law Arrests				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	Law Violations I				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
	aw Violations Re				
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0
			isciplinary Action		
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2020	0	0	0	0	0

Annual Fire Safety Report Policies and Procedures

This section provides an overview of fire safety systems, trainings, and statistics for the 2022, 2021, and 2020 calendar years.

EHS consists of four individuals that are responsible for fire alarm systems, maintenance, inspections, testing, and the overall fire safety program.



General Fire Evacuation Procedures

General fire evacuation procedures include the following directions for occupants of any University building. When the fire alarm system is activated the DPS will immediately notify the Baltimore City Fire Department and respond to all fire alarms and emergency situations.

If fire alarm sounds:

- Occupants of all floors will immediately evacuate the building.
- Remain calm and go to the nearest stairwell.
- Walk; do not run on the righthand side of the stairwell.

- Do not use elevators since they will not be in service during a fire alarm activation.
- Exit out of the building. Go to the designated rally point and tell leaders you are out of the building. Follow any instructions from first responders.
- If you are aware of someone needing assistance evacuating, provide their location to on-scene first responders as you evacuate the building.
- If you require assistance evacuating, provide your location when contacting the DPS Communication Center so BCFD can respond to your location to assist you.

If you discover a fire:

- Remain calm and pull the nearest red manual pull station (usually on the wall near stairwells and exits).
 This will activate the building's fire alarm system and the alarm will sound.
- Close all doors when leaving rooms and walk to the nearest stairwell. Walk; do not run on the right-hand side. Remember to take your keys.
- Keep low and crawl in any smoke-filled areas.
- Do not use elevators they will not be in service during a fire alarm condition.
- Exit out of the building and go to the designated Rally Point.

- Report the fire regardless of size to DPS once you are safely out of the building.
- Provide DPS with the following information:
 - Name.
 - Location of the fire (building name, apartment or room number, or area).
 - Number of injured individuals, if any.
- Assist in the evacuation of the building.
- If your room/apartment door is hot and smoke is beginning to fill your room; place a wet towel under the door or seal it with tape.
 Wave a sheet or large garment out of the window and wait for assistance from the BCFD.
- Do not re-enter the building until the "all clear" has been announced, this occurs after the BCFD gives their all clear and DPS has completed a survey.



If a member of the Loyola University community finds evidence of a fire that has been extinguished, and the person is not sure whether DPS responded, the community member should immediately notify DPS by calling 410-617-5911 to investigate and document the incident. They may also contact one of the following individuals:

- Director of EHS at 410-617-1120.
- Fire Safety Officer at 410-617-2972
- Environmental Compliance Coordinator at 410-617-1142

Residence Halls

DPS and Residence Life and Housing staff will assist in the evacuation of the building and assist the occupants in the assembly area until the emergency has ended.

Academic Buildings

DPS and any designated fire wardens present in the building will assist in the evacuation of the building and assist the occupants in the assembly area until the emergency has ended (see specific building evacuation procedures).

Fire Drills

Loyola University EHS and DPS conduct fire drills twice a year in every University owned and operated residential building as required by Baltimore City fire code. Additional fire alarm tests and drills occur as necessary. Policies on Portable Electrical Appliances, Smoking and Open Flames

Loyola University Maryland is a smoke free campus. Smoking, including

electronic smoking devices, candles, and open flames are prohibited in university buildings. Portable electrical appliances, hot plates, fireworks, electric heaters, open coil appliances, lava lamps, and halogen lamps are prohibited in university housing.

Student Housing Evacuation

Evacuation of residence halls upon fire alarm activation is mandatory. A community citation is issued to all residents who fail to evacuate, and the judicial process may levy fines (\$250) and sanctions (community service/fire safety education) for each violation.



Student Housing Evacuation Procedures

- If you hear the fire alarm, immediately evacuate the building using the nearest available exit. Do not attempt to fight a fire unless you have been trained to do so.
- Awaken any sleeping roommates or suitemates. Prepare to evacuate by putting on shoes and a coat if necessary. Feel the doorknob and the door with the back of your hand. If they are hot, do not open the door. If they are cool, open slowly, if heat or heavy smoke rushes in,

- close the door immediately and remain inside.
- When leaving your room, be sure to take your key with you in case it is necessary to return to the room should the conditions in the corridor deteriorate. Make sure to close the door tightly when evacuating.
- Residence Life and Housing staff who are present will facilitate the evacuation of their floor if possible.
- When the building alarm sounds shout (Example: there is an emergency in the building, leave by the nearest exit!)
- Knock-on doors as you make your way to the nearest exit and out of the building.
- When exiting in smoky conditions, keep your hand on the wall and crawl to the nearest exit. Always know more than one path out of your location and the number of doors between your room and the exit.
- Do not use elevators. Elevator shafts may fill with smoke, or the power may fail, leaving you trapped. Elevators have features that recall and deactivate the elevator during an alarm. Standing and waiting for an elevator wastes valuable time.
- Each resident should report to their assigned assembly area. Residence Life and Housing staff should report to their assigned assembly areas and make sure that students have cleared the building by conducting head counts for accountability.

 Do not allow reentry into the building until directed to do so by DPS.

Fire Safety Education



Various training and educational seminars are conducted during the summer orientation sessions with students. Residence assistants, graduate assistants, and assistant directors are the first group of students to undergo annual fire safety training. Locations of rally points, evacuation procedures, and apartment style kitchen fire safety tips are all delivered by EHS.

During numerous sessions such as departmental training sessions, EHS delivers fire safety and fire prevention tips to the entire campus community. Students are offered training on how to extinguish a small kitchen grease fire with a variety of extinguishers after a classroom session on fire extinguisher use. Fire safety and fire extinguisher training is also available by request for a specific area or hazard. Rally point maps and other fire safety training is provided

for employees and posted on Loyola's intranet.

DPS personnel receive at least eight hours of fire safety training, including at least two hours of hands-on fire alarm system training.

Contact Points for Reporting Fires

If a person wishes to report that a fire has occurred, they can contact one of the following individuals or departments:

- DPS or EHS.
- Director of EHS at 410-617-1120
- Fire Safety Officer at 410-617-2972
- Environmental Compliance Coordinator at 410-617-1142

During an Emergency

Call 410-617-5911 to report the fire using the main DPS emergency number. A variety of other methods can be used to report a fire, whether it is outside a residence hall (i.e., mulch fires) or within the confines of a building.

- Emergency blue light phones.
- Elevator phones: the call goes directly to the DPS Communications Center.
- Loyola phones: call 911 to report a fire to BCFD. Give the proper street address when talking to a fire department dispatcher. DPS will also respond when a 911 call is made using a Loyola phone.

Future Improvement Plans

Future improvements for fire safety include the following measures:

- Update and enhance our fire safety training programs campus wide. Consistent educational reinforcement for students causing nuisance alarms.
- Install sprinkler systems in residence halls across campus.
 Currently, 42% of all residence halls are sprinklered.
- Adding centrally monitored
 Carbon Monoxide (CO)
 detection to residential buildings
 that have gas appliances as fire
 alarm systems are upgraded.
 Currently CO alarms are only
 local devices (exception: Lange
 Court and Campion Tower).

Description of Residence Hall Fire Alarm Systems

All residence halls are equipped with stand-alone fire alarm systems that are then connected through a dedicated wide area fiber optic network. The network is supported by a proprietary central monitoring station which is backed-up with emergency power at the DPS Communications Center. These fire alarm systems are also backed up with battery power at each building, and contain all monitoring of sprinkler, suppression, detection, and relay devices.

There are smoke detectors in nearly every bedroom with a minimum of one smoke detector per apartment and 24/7 monitoring that meets, or in most cases exceeds the NFPA 72-National Fire Alarm Code requirements.

The Social Apartments located at 3900 North Charles Street is an apartment complex where Loyola has a lease agreement to house students. Because Loyola does not own or have any direct control over the property, we do not centrally monitor the fire alarm system with the rest of our campus. There is an automatic fire alarm system that protects the building and reports to the 911 call center.

The Loyola International Nachbahr Huis, located at Schapenstraat 80/01.16 in Leuven, Belgium, has an automatic, centrally monitored fire alarm system that protects the building and reports fire emergencies to the appropriate authorities in Leuven, Belgium.

Fire Statistics in Residence Halls

The next page provides a table with an overview of the fire safety systems in residential buildings at the Evergreen Campus. The pages that follow the fire system overview provide fire statistics from January 1 through December 31, for 2022, 2021, and 2020.

No incidents of arson were reported for 2020 or 2022. One incident of arson was reported for 2021.

Evergreen Campus Residential Building Fire Safety Systems¹

Residential Building	Address	Non- Sprinkled	Partial Sprinkled System ³	Full Sprinkled System ⁴	Smoke Detection	Fire Detection	Evacuation Plans	Evacuation Drills Per Year
Ahern North	4501 N. Charles Street		•	Yes		Yes	Yes	2
Ahern South	4501 N. Charles Street			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Aguinas Hall	417 Notre Dame Lane			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Avila Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Bellarmine Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Bokel Court	401-419 Bokel Court	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Butler Hall	4501 N. Charles Street			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Campion Tower	14 W. Coldspring Lane			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Claver Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Crowson Avenue	5200-5206 Crowson Avenue	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Dorothy Day Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Gallagher Court	5200-5209 Gallagher Court	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Hammerman House	4501 N. Charles Street	105		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Hopkins Court	4501 N. Charles Street		1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4530 Lange Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes	1	103	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4532 Lange Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4534 Lange Court	4501 N. Charles Street	103	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4536 Lange Court	4501 N. Charles Street		103	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4538 Lange Court	4501 N. Charles Street			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4540 Lange Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes		105	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4542 Lange Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
300 McAuley Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
301 McAuley Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
-						Yes		2
302 McAuley Hall 303 McAuley Hall	4501 N. Charles Street 4501 N. Charles Street	Yes Yes			Yes Yes	Yes	Yes Yes	2
-								
304 McAuley Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
305 McAuley Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
306 McAuley Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
307 McAuley Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
308 McAuley Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes		37	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Newman Towers	100 W. Coldspring Lane	**		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4500 Seton Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4502 Seton Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4504 Seton Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes	 	 	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4504 Seton Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4506 Seton Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4508 Seton Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4510 Seton Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4512 Seton Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4514 Seton Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes		ļ	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4516 Seton Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes		ļ	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4518 Seton Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes		ļ	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4520 Seton Court	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes		ļ	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4522 Southwell Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes	ļ	ļ	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4524 Southwell Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes	ļ	ļ	Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4526 Southwell Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
4528 Southwell Hall	4501 N. Charles Street	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Tantallion Court	400 – 421 Tantallion Court	Yes			Yes	Yes	Yes	2
Thea Bowman Hall	4501 N. Charles Street			Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2

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¹ The following information applies to all Evergreen fire statistics for 2022, 2021, and 2020. Bokel Court includes odd addresses only. Crowson Avenue includes even addresses only. Gallagher Court includes even and odd addresses. Tantallion Court includes even and odd addresses. Loyola University does not own or lease 5201 Gallagher Court. The residence at 5201 is a non-university property that is privately owned.

² Non-sprinkled means there are no sprinkler systems in the building.

³ Partial Sprinkler system means having sprinklers in limited areas or common areas of the building.

⁴ Full sprinkler system means having sprinklers in all areas of the building including common areas and individual rooms.

2022 Residential Hall Fire Statistics

Residential Halls	Number of Fires	Number of Deaths	Number of Injuries	Value of Property Damage	Date and Time of Fire	Date Reported	Location of Fire	Name and Cause of Fire	Correctiv e Actions
Ahern North 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Ahern South Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Aquinas Hall 417 Notre Dame Ln.	0	0	0	0					
Avila Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Bellarmine Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Bokel Court 401 – 419 Bokel Ct.	0	0	0	0					
Butler Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	1	0	0	\$100-\$999	6/8/2022 2:20 pm	6/8/2022	Room 107 AC unit	Electrical	Replaced AC unit
Campion Towers 14 W. Coldspring Ln.	1	0	0	\$0-\$99	10/28/2022 unknown	11/11/2022	Kitchen stovetop	Cooking	Referred to Student Conduct
Claver Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Crowson Avenue 5200 – 5206 Crowson Ave.	0	0	0	0					
Dorothy Day Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Thea Bowman Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Gallagher Court 5200 – 5209 Gallagher Ct.	0	0	0	0					
Hammerman House 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Hopkins Court 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Lange Court 4501 N. Charles St.	1	0	0	\$100-\$999	1/14/2022 7:31 pm	1/14/2022	Kitchen stove	Cooking	Referred to Student Conduct
McAuley Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Newman Towers 100 W. Coldspring Ln.	0	0	0	0					
Seton Court 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Southwell Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Tantallion Court 400-421 Tantallion Ct.	0	0	0	0					
Social Apartments ¹ 3900 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					

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¹ The Social Apartments are not owned by Loyola University. The University leases apartments for the purpose of student housing. Data was unobtainable from this site.

2021 Residential Hall Fire Statistics

Residential Halls	Number of Fires	Number of Deaths	Number of Injuries	Property Damage Value	Date and Time of Fire	Date Reported	Fire Location	Name and Cause of Fire	Corrective Actions
Ahern North 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Ahern South Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Aquinas Hall 417 Notre Dame Ln.	0	0	0	0					
Avila Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Bellarmine Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Bokel Court 401 – 419 Bokel Ct.	0	0	0	0					
Butler Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Campion Towers 14 W. Coldspring Ln.	0	0	0	0					
Claver Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Crowson Avenue 5200 – 5206 Crowson Ave.	0	0	0	0					
Dorothy Day Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Thea Bowman Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	1	0	0	\$0-\$99	10/21/2021 11:13pm	10/21/2021	208-A bathroom sink	Arson (door name tag burned)	Referred to Student Conduct
Gallagher Court 5200 – 5209 Gallagher Ct.	0	0	0	0					
Hammerman House 4501 N. Charles St.	1	0	0	\$100-\$999	1/25/20218: 07pm	1/25/2021	Elevator Mechanical Room	Electrical Hydraulic Pump	Repaired by Facilities
Hopkins Court 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Lange Court 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
McAuley Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Newman Towers 100 W. Coldspring Ln.	0	0	0	0					
Seton Court 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Southwell Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Tantallion Court 400-421 Tantallion Ct.	0	0	0	0					
Social Apartments 3900 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					

2020 Residential Hall Fire Statistics

Residential Halls	Number of Fires	Number of Deaths	Number of Injuries	Value of Property Damage	Date and Time of Fire	Date Reported	Location of Fire	Name and Cause of Fire	Corrective Actions
Ahern North	0	0	0	0					
4501 N. Charles St.	•	-	V	· ·					
Ahern South Hall 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Aquinas Hall									
417 Notre Dame Ln.	0	0	0	0					
Avila Hall	0	0	0	0					
4501 N. Charles St.	0	U	0	U					
Bellarmine Hall	0	0	0	0					
4501 N. Charles St.		, v		, v					
Bokel Court 401 – 419 Bokel Ct.	0	0	0	0					
Butler Hall									
4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Campion Towers	0	0	0	0					
14 W. Coldspring Ln.	U	U	0	U					
Claver Hall	0	0	0	0					
4501 N. Charles St.									
Crowson Avenue 5200 – 5206 Crowson Ave.	0	0	0	0					
Dorothy Day Hall									
4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Thea Bowman Hall	0	_	0	0					
4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Gallagher Court	0	0	0	0					
5200 – 5209 Gallagher Ct.	·			Ů					
Hammerman House 4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Hopkins Court									
4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Lange Court	0	0	0	0					
4501 N. Charles St.	U	U	0	U					
McAuley Hall	0	0	0	0					
4501 N. Charles St.	<u> </u>	ļ ,							
Newman Towers 100 W. Coldspring Ln.	0	0	0	0					
Seton Court									
4501 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
Southwell Hall	0	0	0	0					
4501 N. Charles St.	U	0	0	0					
Tantallion Court	0	0	0	0					
400-421 Tantallion Ct.	"	"	,	,					1
Social Apartments 3900 N. Charles St.	0	0	0	0					
3900 N. Charles St.		1		l	l		l	1	