Student Learning Assessment: What Middle States Expects

Prepared by: Terra Schehr Assistant Vice President for Institutional Research & Effectiveness

Loyola College in Maryland

For: Teaching Workshop Fall 2009

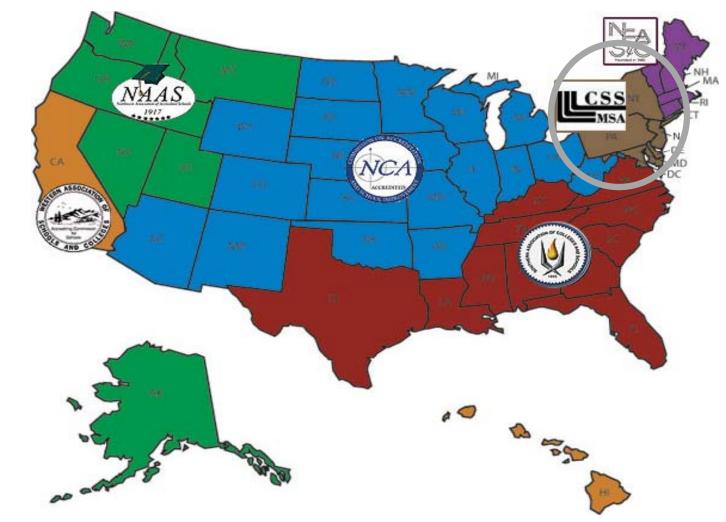
Overview

■ Middle States

Assessment Cycle

Characteristics of Good Assessment

Regional Accrediting Agencies

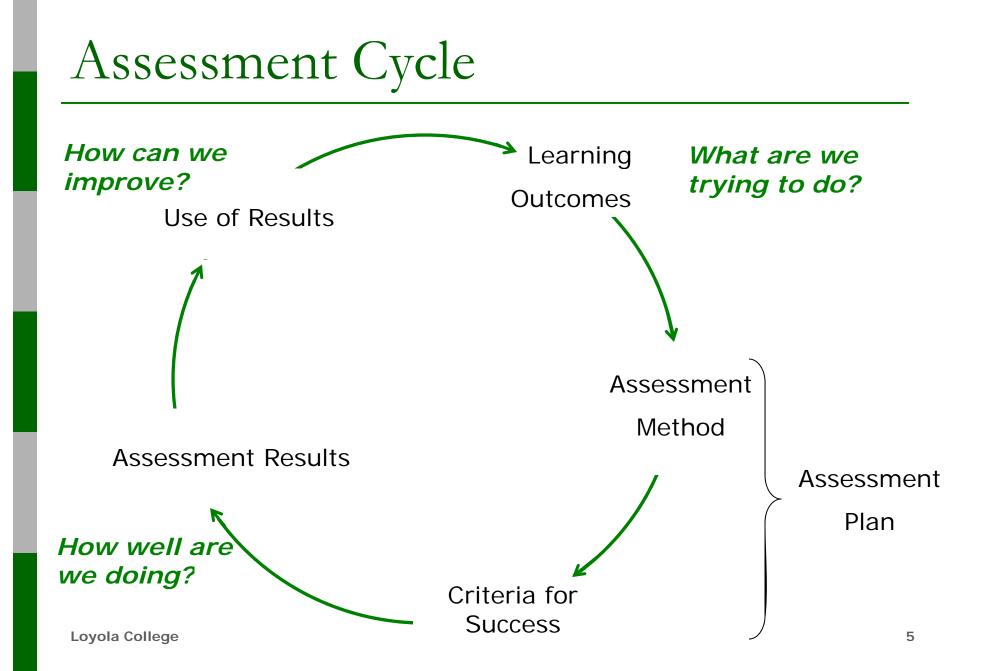


An Effective Institution

Middle States:

"An effective institution is one in which growth, development, and change are the result of a <u>thoughtful and rational process of</u> <u>self-examination</u> and planning, and one in which such a process is an inherent part of ongoing activities."

– Characteristics of Excellence in Higher Education (2006) p.4



Learning Outcomes

■ What should students <u>know</u>?

■ What should students <u>be able to do</u>?

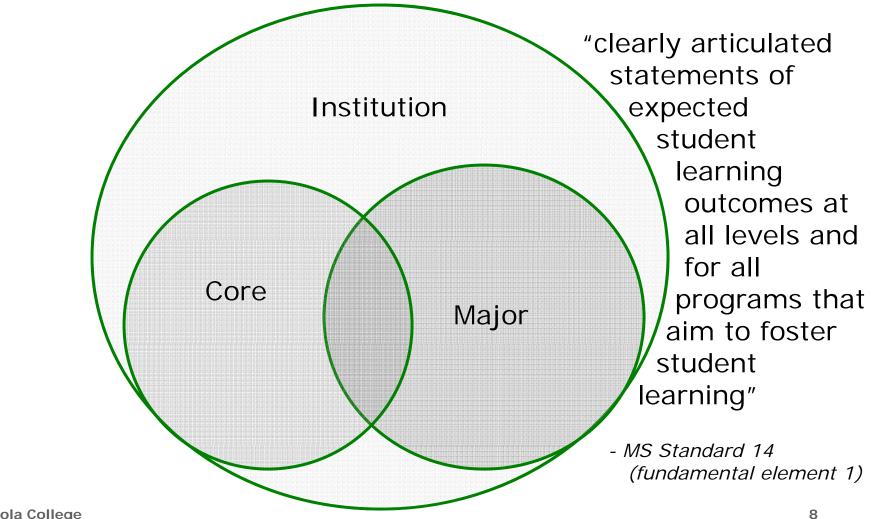
■What should students <u>value</u>?

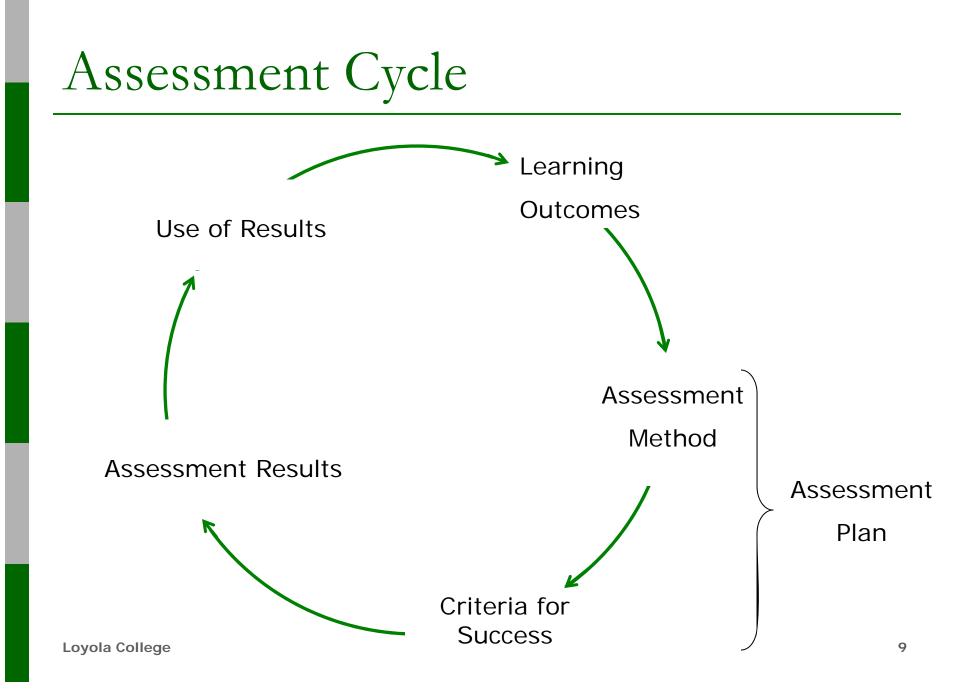
Program Outcomes vs. Learning Outcomes (an Example)

The program will engage students in the study of cultural and socioeconomic factors related to small group dynamics.

Students will be able to <u>articulate</u> cultural and socioeconomic differences and the significance of these differences in small group dynamics.

Levels of Learning Outcomes





Characteristics of Good Assessment



useful

Useful

■ Must "close the loop"

Answer the question "how can we improve student learning?"

One size does not fit all

- Assessment method must fit the outcome
- Assessment method must fit the pedagogical culture of the discipline
- Assessment method must fit the culture of the institution

Reasonably Accurate & Truthful

"There is no perfectly accurate assessment tool or strategy . . ."

– Assessing Student Learning and Effectiveness: Understanding Middle States Expectations (2005) p.4

Multiple measures

Include direct evidence

- Why course grades are not direct evidence:
 - Grades tells you how well a student or class of students did on an assignment but does not tell anything about what those students did well and what they did not do well

Cost-Effective

Focus on just a few outcomes in any one assessment period

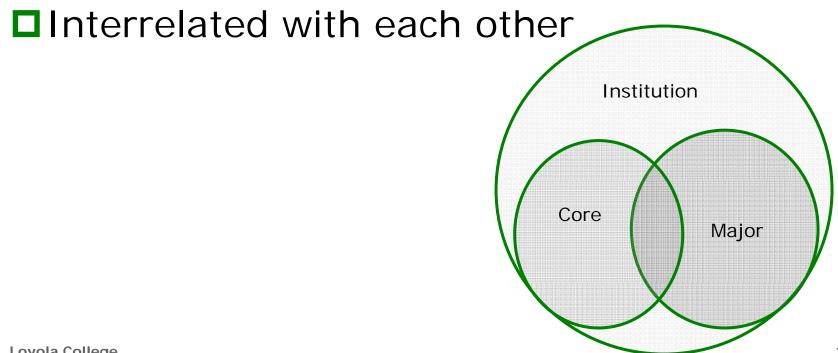
Build off of existing data (where possible)

Effective assessments are simple rather than elaborate . . ." – Assessing Student Learning and Effectiveness: Understanding Middle

States Expectations (2005) p.4

Planned

Linked to institutional priorities and goals



Organized, Systematic, & Sustained

Interrelated with each other

Assessing beyond the individual (course, major, student cohort)

Ongoing process

Although not always focused on the same outcome Prepared by: Terra Schehr Assistant Vice President for Institutional Research & Effectiveness

Loyola College in Maryland

(tschehr@loyola.edu