

Loyola University Maryland Crime Statistics ¹
Columbia Campus

| Offenses (Reported by Hierarchy) | Year | On Campus | Non- Campus ² | Public Property ³ | Total | Residential Facilities ⁴ |
|---|-------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--------------|--|
| Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Manslaughter by Negligence | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rape ⁵ | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Fondling ⁵ | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Incest ⁵ | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Statutory Rape ⁵ | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Burglary | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft ⁶ | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

¹ These statistics reflect a University population of approximately 1000 graduate students, and 50 employees.

² There is no non-campus property at the Columbia Graduate Center.

³ Statistics listed in “public property” include incidents which took place off campus, on public property immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus, but not on the property of Loyola University Maryland, Columbia Graduate Center.

⁴ There are no residential facilities at the Columbia Graduate Center.

⁵ Not all incidents reported in the Sexual Assault categories were reported to DPS but could have been reported to other departments on campus. Consequently, not all incidents were able to be criminally investigated but were administratively investigated by the Title IX office.

⁶ The Clery Act definition of motor vehicle thefts includes golf carts, motor-scooters, and other “non-traditional” vehicles.

| | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------|---|---|---|---|---|
| Liquor Law Arrests | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Arrests | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Arrests | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Loyola University Maryland - Columbia Campus ¹ | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Law Violation Referrals | | | | | | |
| Offenses (Reported by Hierarchy) | Years | On Campus | Non-Campus ² | Public Property ³ | Total | Residential Facilities ⁴ |
| Liquor Law Violations (referred for disciplinary action) | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations (referred for disciplinary action) ⁷ | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Law Violations (referred for disciplinary action) | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Loyola University Maryland – Columbia Campus ¹ | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Crime Statistics – Not in Hierarchy | | | | | | |
| Offenses | Years | On Campus | Non-Campus ² | Public Property ³ | Total | Residential Facilities ⁴ |
| Arson | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

⁷ The State of Maryland enacted legislation with regards to Marijuana drug law violations to decriminalize the type of offense when there are 10 grams or less of marijuana. The Clery handbook states: possession of a small amount of marijuana in states that have decriminalized this conduct, meaning that the conduct is no longer a criminal offense. Referrals that occur for this decriminalized conduct should not be counted for Clery Act reporting purposes.

| | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------|---|---|---|---|---|
| Domestic Violence | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dating Violence | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Stalking | 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Hate Crime: a crime that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator’s bias against the victim. The categories of bias include the victim’s actual or perceived race, religion, disability, ethnicity, gender, gender identity, national origin, or sexual orientation. Hate crimes are reported for the crimes of criminal homicide, sex assault, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, and any other crime involving bodily injury, as well as larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/damage/vandalism.

There were no reported hate crimes on the Columbia Campus for the 2018, 2019, and 2020 years.

Unfounded Crimes: are crimes considered unfounded only if a sworn or commissioned law enforcement person makes a formal determination that the report is false or baseless. There were no unfounded crimes at the Columbia campus.